Measurement and Analysis of Burst Topic in Microblog

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Abstract

Microblog provides the first communication platform for burst event due to the immediacy and interactivity of microblog. In this paper, we research on user-oriented and message-oriented measurements of burst topic in Sina microblog. The measurements and analysis on large-scale Sina microblog data set show that our proposed measurement method can measure the characteristics of user and message propagation in burst topic. The measurement results in this paper can describe the formation and diffusion mechanism of burst topic which will contribute to better research of relevant issues on burst topic and ensure the well-developed of microblog.

Keywords: Sina microblog, burst topic, user-oriented measurement, message-oriented measurement

1. Introduction

With fast development of Web 2.0, social network based on Internet has been one of the most representative applications and one of the most important platforms to obtain information, as the major social network platforms. Microblog is a communication and user-generated platform which makes everybody be producer, communicator and commentator. Since microblog is great source for getting access to information much faster than traditional sources of media, more and more organizations and public figures post and spread information through microblog. With the rapid expansion of information and the rapid increasing of users, microblog has gradually evolved from social media to the public platform to express their feelings and opinions, to discuss public affairs, and to conduct public opinion. Because of immediacy and interactivity of microblog, microblog provides the first communication platform for burst event as soon as event occurs. For example, oil explosion accident in Qingdao, microblog is the earliest news source. The reports and discussions for burst event are benefit to crisis response and situational awareness. But because of spreading messages almost instantly and spotty user quality, it will speed up the propagation velocity and have a negative effect on controlling network public opinion when burst topics are spread by malicious users within a short time. All these issues have brought challenges to study on burst topic in microblog including burst topic detection, mining key users of burst topic, control and prediction of topic diffusion. Faced with these challenges, we research on user-oriented and message-oriented measurements of burst topic in microblog from three points of view: user attribute, user behavior and message propagation. The measurements and analysis on large-scale Sina microblog data set show that our
The proposed measurement method can measure the characteristics of user and message propagation in burst topic and can describe the formation and diffusion mechanism of burst topic. The measurement results in this paper contribute to better research of relevant issues on burst topic and ensure the well-developed of microblog.

The rest of the paper is organized as follows. We review the related work in Section 2. Section 3 presents the data collection and description. User-oriented and message-oriented measurements of burst topic are reported in Section 4, and conclude this paper in Section 5.

2. Related Work

User behaviors and information propagation patterns can be better understood by measuring and analyzing microblog network. Domestic and foreign researchers design qualitative or quantitative measurements before studying on user influence[1-7], and information propagation[8-12]. Me young et al.[13] present an in-depth comparison of three measures of influence: in degree, retweets, and mention. Based on these measures, the dynamics of user influence across topics and time is investigated. Philip et al.[14] focus on measuring user’s full potential influence inherent in the user connectivity network and propose a modified k-shell decomposition algorithm for computing user influence on Twitter. Li et al.[15] propose Topic-level Opinion Influence Model (TOIM) to predict users’ future opinions on some specific topics based on the analysis of users’ historical messages and social interaction records. Ye et al.[10] conduct research on message propagation and social influence by analyzing the propagation patterns of general messages. Liu et al.[16] analyze the relationship between user behavior factors together with the diffusion of social influence and propose a learning-based method to measure user influence via predicting users’ capability of propagating information. Aditi et al.[17] analyze the credibility of information in tweets corresponding to fourteen high impact news events and identify the important content and sourced based features to predict the credibility of information in a tweet. Yan et al.[18] prove that the small-world characteristic of microblog social network and the degree distributions of users are power-law. A social network based on human dynamics model is proposed based on their empirical analysis. Fan et al.[19] measure the topological characteristics and user behavior patterns in Sina microblog which are helpful for monitoring and controlling the microblog. Liu et al.[20] conduct the topic-oriented research on the measurement from many aspects such as features of the content, the network topology and user behavior. The measurement indicators and results can be effectively applied in a topic-generated network. Existing analysis and measurement in microblog mostly focus on the topological characteristics and propagation patterns of single entity, rather than studying on the relation between different measuring objects in burst topic. To the best of our knowledge, together with the recent studies on social network, we are among the first to make static and dynamic measurement of burst topic in Sina microblog.

3. Data Collection and Description

As the largest microblog platform in China, Sina microblog allows third-party developers to create applications for its openness. We selected Sina microblog as observation platform to measure and analyze burst topics. Considering the characteristic of real-time and huge data, we developed web crawler to collect data set of burst topics. 16 volunteers were interested in our work and participated directly in the data collection process. Before crawling data, volunteers selected 28 burst topics in Sina microblog and labeled hashtags for each burst topic according to the keywords of burst topics. These labeled hashtags were used as keywords to collect messages and user information of burst topic. Messages in spreading process and user information were also crawled with a depth-first strategy. The collected data set covered the period
from August 15 to August 30 in 2014. In order to conduct better analysis and measurement, we selected the most representative burst topic (Jaycee Chan taking drug) as the measurement object. Through data extraction of burst topics, data cleaning and data integration, the data set of selected burst topic contains nearly 600,000 users and over 8 million messages. The representative attributes of collected data set can be seen in Table 1.

Table 1. The Representative Attributes of Collected dataset

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Attribute description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>topic_id</td>
<td>burst topic flag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>message_id</td>
<td>message flag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>user_id</td>
<td>user flag who posted message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parent_mid</td>
<td>parent message flag in repost network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>message_time</td>
<td>post time of message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>repost_number</td>
<td>the number of reposts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>comment_number</td>
<td>the number of comments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>text</td>
<td>the text content of message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>username</td>
<td>the username of user</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>follower_number</td>
<td>the number of user’s followers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>following_number</td>
<td>the number of user’s followings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>authenticated</td>
<td>authenticated user flag</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Measurements and Analysis of Burst Topic

In Section 3, we introduce our data collection strategies and representative attributes of collected data set. This section will describe user-oriented and message-oriented measurements of burst topics in microblog. Also, Figure 1 shows different characteristics and internal relationship among characteristics in burst topic.

4.1. User-Oriented Measurement and Analysis of Burst Topic

Users in microblog play an important role in the evolution of burst topic. We measure and analyze users in burst topic from three aspects: user attribute, user behavior and user influence in this section.

4.1.1. User Attributes: The measurement of user attribute that we focus on can be classified into two categories: the number of followers and user authentication type.
(1) **The Number of Followers**

The number of user’s followers can reflect user influence to some extent. The distribution of user’s followers is shown in Figure 2. As shown in Figure 2, about 85% of users have less than 3,000 followers and 56% of users have 300-3,000 followers. Only a small percentage of users have a large number of followers. These famous users are usually the initiators and guides.

![Figure 2. The Distribution of Users’ Followers](image)

In order to describe the role of the number of followers in topic propagation, we measure the relation between the number of followers and message popularity where message popularity is defined as the number of reposts and comments. The relation between the number of followers and message popularity is shown in Figure 3. Also, correlation coefficient is used to measure the correlation which can be defined as follows:

\[
r = \frac{\sum XY - \frac{\sum X \sum Y}{N}}{\sqrt{\left(\sum X^2 - \frac{(\sum X)^2}{N}\right)\left(\sum Y^2 - \frac{(\sum Y)^2}{N}\right)}}
\]
Where $r$ is correlation coefficient, $X$ and $Y$ are the corresponding measured variables. From analyses on the relation between the number of followers and message popularity, their related coefficient is 0.3993, indicating a weak positive relation. Users who have a large number of followers don’t mean that their messages must be reposted or commented widely.

Figure 3. The Relation between Number of Followers and Message Popularity

(2) User Authentication Type

Users in Sina microblog can be divided into two categories: authenticated users and non-authenticated users according to user authentication type. Authenticated users mean that they have higher authenticity and credibility than non-authenticated users.

Figure 4. The Distribution of Message Popularity of Different User Authentication Types

We use CDF (Cumulative Probability Distribution) to describe the differentiation of different user authentication types. The distributions of two kinds of user types’ message popularity are shown in Figure 4. As shown in Figure 4, only a small percentage of users have high message popularity and almost all messages’ message popularity are below than 10. The result shows that the distributions of two kinds of user types’ message...
popularity are similar, which can’t be used to predict message popularity in burst topics based on user authentication type alone.

4.1.2. User Behavior: We focus on two kinds of user behaviors in burst topics in this section: post behavior and interaction behavior. When burst event occurs, users can post original messages or interact with users that posted original messages. In order to measure the time distribution of post behavior which reflects massive users’ behavior characteristic in burst topic, we set time window to be 1 hour and the time range to be 72 hours from the day that burst event happened. The time distribution of message in burst topic is shown in Figure 5. As shown in Figure 5, the post behavior not only conforms to bedtime and rising time, but also the evolution of burst topics. There are few messages about burst topics between 1 a.m and 7 a.m. Through the analysis of message content, we can find that users’ post behaviors change with the development and evolution of burst topics at other times.

![Figure 5. The Time Distribution of Message in Burst Topic](image1)

Besides, we measured the distribution of user interaction delay time in burst topics which is defined as time difference between message and its parent message in message forwarding tree. The distribution of delay time in burst topic is shown in Figure 6.

![Figure 6. The Distribution of Delay Time in Burst Topic](image2)
According to some statistics, 50% of messages' interaction delay time are below 100 minutes and 90% are about 400 minutes. Information propagation in burst topics has stronger timely effectiveness and users don't usually repost and comment outdated messages in burst topic.

4.1.3. User Influence: Influential users can deliver contents to a larger audience than a normal user and have a key role in topic propagation process. User graph is modeled based on the information propagation in burst topic. Nodes in user graph represent users in burst topic. Edges represent repost relation between nodes and the arrows go opposite to the information flow. We leverage link topological ranking by means of PageRank algorithms to detect influential users in burst topics. The PageRank of the node is the sum of contributions from its incoming edges. Damping factor was set to be 0.85 in the measurement of user influence. The ranking result of influential users based on PageRank can be seen in Table 2.

Table 2. The Ranking Result of Influential Users in Burst Topic (Jaycee Chan taking drug)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ranking</th>
<th>Username</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sina Entertainment Video</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>CCTV News</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sina Entertainment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>People's Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Phoenix Entertainment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Headline News</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Professor Silver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As Table 2 shows, seven of the most influential users mainly are media organizations and famous users in burst topic of Jaycee Chan taking drug. Influential users as an important part of microblog, they play a very important role in promoting the development process of public opinion of burst event.

Figure 7. The Relation Between User Influence and Message Popularity

The correlation between user influence and message popularity was measured. The relation between user influence and message popularity is shown in Figure 7. Related coefficient between user influence order and message popularity is 0.9002, indicating a
strong positive relation. Detecting influential users contribute to research on predicting topic trend and topic tracking.

4.2. Message-Oriented Measurement and Analysis of Burst Topic

A large scale message-oriented measurements and analysis in burst topic are performed to better grasp the characteristics of message and message propagation pattern in this section.

4.2.1. Message Attributes: In the process of topic propagation, some messages have a significant increase during a certain time interval which is the major cause of burst topic. Six representative spikes of online media are shown in [21]. We can detect burst messages based on message’s rise-and-fall patterns. To model message’s burst attribute, messages in message forwarding tree will be divided into different time windows based on the post time of message to obtain the time sequence of message. The burst detection approach based on technical analysis indicators such as EMA, MACD, and MACD histogram is defined in [22]. A burst is defined as a time interval in which the MACD Histogram value is greater than burst threshold. The strength of the burst at a specific timestamp is the MACD Histogram value of that timestamp. MACD Histogram values of different time windows are shown in Figure 8. The message has burst attribute between the eighth and twelfth time window when burst threshold is set to be 30. Through analysis of users that posted burst messages, we found that burst messages are the key nodes in the development of burst topic. Detecting burst message in real-time can contribute to detect burst topic and key users in burst topic.

![MACD Histogram Values of Different Time Windows](Image)

Figure 8. MACD Histogram Values of Different Time Windows

4.2.2 Message Propagation: Through the analysis of influential users’ message forwarding tree as shown in Figure 9, the propagation topology of forwarding tree can be divided into two categories: star propagation and tree propagation. The sources of star propagation are almost the users that post original messages and trendsetters in burst topic. Most of users in star propagation structure are source’s followers and mainly in the first level of propagation tree. Tree propagation structure may consist of more than one influential user. Each propagation structure of influential user can be seen as star propagation. Based on the analysis of the propagation topology, the width and depth of message propagation were measured. We found that the depth of forwarding tree is small and almost all of messages’ depths are below 6. However, the widths of popular messages are large, especially compared with the depths.
5. Conclusion

In this paper, we have addressed the problem of measurement and analysis of burst topic in microblog. An effective measurement approach based on user entity and message entity is presented. We measure and analyze burst topic from five aspects: user attribute, user behavior, user influence, message attributes and message propagation. Besides, the correlation analysis between different aspects are measured. To the best of our knowledge, together with the recent studies on social network, we are among the first to make static and dynamic measurement of burst topic in Sina microblog. The measurements and analysis on large-scale Sina microblog data set show that our proposed measurement method can contribute to better research of relevant issues on burst topic.

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